ANIMAL ATTITUDE SCALE

Here is a copy of the Animal Attitudes Scale as we have used it in recent studies. The original version had 29 items (Herzog, Betchart & Pittman, 1991). Some of the items (21 to 29) were designed as a subscale to assess the tendency to actually engage in action to help animals. Factor analysis, however, indicated that all of the items in the scale lumped into one factor. Hence, we have dropped these items. In various administrations, we have found that the alpha of the present version is generally about .90.

The items are scored so that a high score indicates pro-animal welfare attitudes (SA = 5, SD = 1). Note that items marked ** are reverse-worded.

I encourage use of the scale, and investigators are welcome to modify it to meet their research needs. I would, however, appreciate knowing how the scale is being used and receiving references and copies of papers based on the AAS.

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Herzog, H.A., Betchart, N.S, and Pittman, R. (1991) Gender, sex role identity and attitudes toward animals. *Anthrozoos*, 4, 184-191.

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Listed below are 20 statements regarding the use of animals. Circle the letters that indicate the extent to which you agree or disagree with the statement:

SA = Strongly Agree

A = Agree

U = Undecided

 $\mathbf{D} = \text{Disagree}$

SD = Strongly Disagree

1. It is morally wrong to hunt wild animals just for sport.

SA A U D SD

2. I do not think that there is anything wrong with using animals in medical research.

SA A U D SD**

stiff po jail sei	should be extremely enalties including ntences for people articipate in cockage.	SA	A	U	D	SD
and ra trappe	animals, such as mink ccoons, should not be d and their skins made ar coats.	SA	A	U	D	SD
wrong	is nothing morally with hunting wild ls for food.	SA	A	U	D	SD**
to rais	k people who object ing animals for meat sentimental.	SA	A	U	D	SD**
researc	of the scientific ch done with animals ecessary and cruel.	SA	A	U	D	SD
accept hogs to	k it is perfectly able for cattle and o be raised for human mption.	SA	A	U	D	SD**
	ally, humans have the o use animals as we	SA	A	U	D	SD**
and do immed it mea	laughter of whales olphins should be liately stopped even if ns some people will be t of work.	SA	A	U	D	SD
	etimes get upset when vild animals in cages s.	SA	A	U	D	SD
humar	neral, I think that n economic gain is more tant than setting aside	SA	A	U	D	SD**

more land for wildlife.

13. Too much fuss is made over the welfare of animals these days when there are many human problems that need to be solved.

SA A U D SD**

14. Breeding animals for their skins is a legitimate use of animals.

SA A U D SD**

15. Some aspects of biology can only be learned through dissecting preserved animals such as cats.

SA A U D SD**

16. Continued research with animals will be necessary if we are to ever conquer diseases such as cancer, heart disease, and AIDS.

SA A U D SD**

17. It is unethical to breed purebred dogs for pets when millions of dogs are killed in animal shelters each year.

SA A U D SD

18. The production of inexpensive SA A U D SD** meat, eggs, and dairy products justifies maintaining animals under crowded conditions.

19. The use of animals such as rabbits for testing the safety of cosmetics and household products is unnecessary and should be stopped.

SA A U D SD

20. The use of animals in rodeos SA A U D SD and circuses is cruel.